Physics 200		Nam	ie:		
Midterm Review (N	ewton's Laws /	' Forces)			
Part 1: Multiple Cho 1. If the sum of all fo A. must have a B. must have a C. must remain D. must be acc	<b>Dice</b> rces on an object velocity v = 0. n acceleration a = in the same posi elerating with a =	t is zero (i.e. F <sub>N</sub> = 0. tion. = g.	<sub>et</sub> = 0), then <sup>-</sup>	the object	
2. Which has the grea A. A 2.0-kg ob B. A 5.0-kg ob C. A 7.0-kg obj	atest inertia? ject moving at 10 ject moving at 2.0 ject at rest	1.0m/s 0 m/s			
3. For a given object,	which of these w	vill be the same	on the Earth	's surface and th	e Moon's
A. mass	B. weight		C. acceler	ation due to gravi	ty
<ol> <li>A person weighing s downward at const A. 525 N</li> <li>Two horizontal ford</li> </ol>	525 N stands on ant velocity, the B. less tha ces, one 90.0 N a	a bathroom scal scale reading is in 525 N ind the other 12	le in an eleva :: C. more th 20.0 N. are e;	tor. When the eld an 525 N kerted by hockey	evator moves sticks in
opposite directions	s on a hockey puc	k on a frictionle	ess ice surfac	ce. What is the n	et horizontal
A. 30.0 N N	B. 90.0 N	<i>C</i> . 10	15.0 N	D. 120.0 N	E. 210.0
6. A mass of 5.0 kg A. weighs 5.0 N B. weighs 50 N C. has a mass o D. has a mass o	N. I. of 1.0 N. of 50 N.				
7. The SI unit of weig A. m/s	ght is B. m/s²	С. д	D. kg	E. N	
8. A single horizontal	force acts on a n	nass lying on a f	rictionless h	orizontal floor. I	f the force
A. 0.11 X	B. 0.33 X	C. No chang	je D. S	3.0 X	E. 9.0 X
9. The velocity of a 4.	0 kg block is obs	erved to increa	se from 1.0 r	n/s to 7.0 m/s ove	er a

period of 2.0 seconds on a horizontal frictionless surface. What is the net horizontal force applied to this block?

A. 2.0 N B. 3.0 N C. 6.0 N D. 12 N E. 56 N 10. What is the tension in the cable of a 400-kg elevator accelerating upwards 10 m/s<sup>2</sup>?
 A. 12,000 N
 B. 8000 N
 C. 6400 N
 D. 4000 N
 E. 3200 N

11. A block of mass m sits on a frictionless incline plane shown on the right. What is the acceleration of the block down the plane?

- A. g sin  $\theta$
- B. g cos  $\theta$
- C. mg sin  $\theta$
- D. mg cos  $\theta$
- E.  $\mu$ mg cos  $\theta$

12. The same block of mass m now moves down an incline plane with friction. What is the frictional force on the block?

A.  $g \sin \theta$  B.  $g \cos \theta$  C.  $mg \sin \theta$  D.  $mg \cos \theta$  E.  $\mu mg \cos \theta$ 

13. A 10-kg block is pulled along a horizontal surface with a force of 50 N. The coefficient of kinetic friction between the block and the surface is  $\mu_k$  = 0.2. What is the acceleration of the block?

A.  $1 \text{ m/s}^2$  B.  $2 \text{ m/s}^2$  C.  $3 \text{ m/s}^2$  D.  $4 \text{ m/s}^2$  E.  $5 \text{ m/s}^2$ 

14. A 70-kg skydiver jumps from a plane and reaches terminal velocity after 25 seconds. What is the drag force  $F_D$  at t = 30 seconds?

- A. 70 N
- B. 700 N
- C. 350 N
- D. 2100 N
- E. Cannnot be determined from this information

<u>Multiple Choice Answers</u> :	5. A	10. B
1. B	6. B	11. A
2. C	7. E	12. E
3. A	8. D	13. <i>C</i>
4. A	9. D	14. B



## Part 2: Newton's Laws / Forces – Problems in 1D and 2D

1. A 0.140-kg baseball traveling strikes the catcher's mitt, which, in bringing the ball to rest, recoils backward 11.0 cm. What was the average force applied by the ball on the glove?

2. Each bucket in the adjacent diagram has a mass of 10.0kg. The balloons provide an upward pull of 150N. Find the acceleration of the buckets and the tension in the rope between the buckets.

If the lower rope is cut, find the acceleration of the remaining mass.



3. If the boxes slide with constant velocity, find the coefficient of friction and the force of interaction between the 2 boxes.



4. The masses on the right are connected by a rope of negligible mass that is slung over a frictionless pulley. Find the tension in the rope that connects the 2 masses.



5. A traffic light is supported by two ropes as shown. If the tension in each rope is 750N, what is the mass of the traffic light?



6. Sand is gradually added to the hanging bucket shown on the right. The 28 kg mass begins to accelerate when the mass of the hanging bucket and sand equals 15 kg. What is the coefficient of static friction between the 28 kg box and the table?

7. Consider the conditions given in the text box. Will the system accelerate? If so, find the acceleration of the system and the tension in the cable that connects them.







8. A force of 150 N is applied at an angle of 15 degrees. If the coefficient of friction is 0.30, find the acceleration of the 12 kg mass.



## Answers to Newton's Laws Problems (for solutions, see website)

- 1.573N
- 2. Part 1: a=-2.3m/s<sup>2</sup>, T=75N 2. Part 2: a=+5.2m/s<sup>2</sup>
- 3. μ<sub>k</sub>=0.34, F=369N
- 4. T=25.6N
- 5. m=92kg
- 6. μ<sub>s</sub>=0.54
- 7. a=3.1m/s<sup>2</sup>
- 8. a=10.1m/s<sup>2</sup>