Physics 100 (Stap			Name:		
Notes: Kinematic	es Intro, Basic Tei	rms, Average Velocity			
Kinematics: The	study of motion	without considering its caus	ses.		
Scalar: A quantit	y with magnitude	but no direction. Give an e	example: 🕡	blyspeco 5m/s	l is
Vector: A quanti	ty with magnitude	e and direction. Give an ex	ample: 🔑	Son/s	ity to-the
$\Delta = Delta = "cha$	nge in"			gar.	
Formula for $\Delta =$	Final – initial.				
Example mark to the Position: Displacement: Distance: Speed	Problem: Calculane 1m mark.	Ite the "change in position": $X = X - X_0 = X_0$	1m -	You = /	om the 4m -3m/ and by 3on
	Symbol	Meaning (what it's supposed to mean)	Vector or Scalar?	Common Units	ı
Position	Xory	Where something is on a number line.	5	meter	s (ur)
Displacement	Ax . ray	"Change in position"	V	m	
Distance	d	Like displacement, but doesn't include direction. What a car's odometer	5	M	

keeps track of.

lasts.

traveled on a trip.

How long some event

How fast something is

moving. A ratio of distance traveled to travel

Speed and direction.

time elapsed.

Total

Time

Speed

Velocity

Distance

Change in

Sum of all of the distances

777

5

m Seconds (s) m/s (meters) per per second)

If I have a velocity of 3 m/s, what does that mean? Every second,
I move 3 meters forward.
One Definition of Velocity: The amount of position that is added or subtracted each second.
Average Velocity (symbol = $\sqrt{}$): when we measure velocity, average velocity is what we will actually measure. This is the average speed of an object as it travels through a given distance. The object may speed up or slow down over that distance, but the average velocity that we calculate will not show this.
Average Velocity Formula (Hint: the units provide the formula) V = Ax Color of Splacement Steel elapsed time
"Initial velocity" symbol = V_o
Final velocity symbol = \checkmark
Terminology Practice: A student starts a timer. When the timer gets to 11 seconds, an object is at the 6m mark on
the number line to the right. When the timer gets to 13 seconds, the object's new position is -2. Show these positions and times on the number line to the right. Then calculate each of the following. $t = 13$
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the number line to the right. When the timer gets to 13 seconds, the object's new position is -2. Show these positions and times on the number line to the right. Then calculate each of the following. Displacement? $\Delta X = X - X_0 = -2m - 6m - 1 - 8m$ Displacement? $\Delta X = X - X_0 = -2m - 6m - 1 - 8m$ Distance traveled? $18m$
the number line to the right. When the timer gets to 13 seconds, the object's new position is -2. Show these positions and times on the number line to the right. Then calculate each of the following. Displacement? $\Delta X = X - X_0 = -2n - 6m - \frac{1}{8m}$ Displacement? $\Delta X = x - X_0 = -2n - 6m - \frac{1}{8m}$

Fill in the correct information for segment A, in the graph on the right. 1.

Displacement = g_m

$$\Delta t = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

 $v_{average} = 2\pi/S$

Distance traveled = ____ & ~__

Position at end of segment = 8m

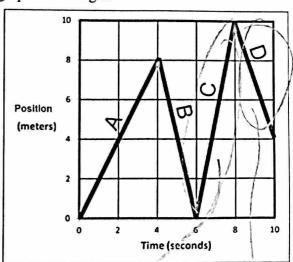
2. Fill in the correct information for segment **B**.

Displacement = -8-

$$\Delta t = 25$$

Vaverage = -4m/s

Distance traveled = 8 m



V= 1000 500/5 / V= -6000

3. Fill in the correct information for the entire trip (segments A-D).

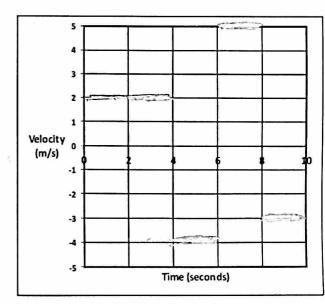
Displacement = 4m

 $\Delta t = \frac{10s}{\text{Vaverage}} = \frac{0.4 \text{m}}{\text{V}} / \text{S}$

Distance traveled = 32m

Position at end of segment = ____

4. Use the distance vs. time graph above to fill in the velocity vs. time graph on the right.



5. Fill in the correct information for segment A, in the graph on the right.

$$\Delta t = 25$$

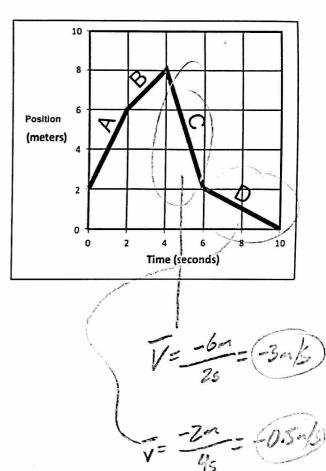
$$v_{average} = 2 m/s$$

Fill in the correct information for segment B. 6.

$$\Delta t = 2$$

Distance traveled =
$$2m$$

Position at end of segment = $\sqrt{\frac{g}{m}}$



Fill in the correct information for the entire trip (segments A-D). 7.

Displacement =
$$-2m$$

$$\Delta t = 105$$

$$v_{average} = \frac{-0.2}{M}$$

Distance traveled =
$$\frac{14m}{1}$$

8. Use previous answers and the distance vs. time graph above to fill in the velocity vs. time graph on the right.

