Name:

## Chapter 8 Quiz 2013-2014

## I. MULTIPLE CHOICE: Choose the one best answer each. Assume $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ . (2 points each).

- 1. The momentum of an object is proportional to its
  - A. Velocity
  - B. Mass
  - C. Mass x Velocity
  - D. All of the above
  - E. None of the above
- 2. Impulse is equal to the change of
  - A. Velocity
  - B. Mass
  - C. Force
  - D. Momentum
  - E. Force x Velocity
- 3. In order to double the momentum of an object, its velocity must change by a factor:A. x 2B. x 1/2C. x 4D. x 1/4
- 4. When a force F is applied to an object on a frictionless surface over a time interval, a change in velocity is created. If the time interval the force is applied increases by a factor of 2, what applied force below would yield the same change in velocity for the object?

  A. 2F
  B. F/2
  C. 4F
  D. F/4
- 5. One egg is thrown against a solid wall, while a second egg is thrown against a hanging bed sheet. Both eggs have the same initial velocity (35 miles per hour) and the same final velocity (zero miles per hour). Which egg experiences a greater <u>change in momentum</u>?
  - A. The egg stopped by the wall.
  - B. The egg stopped by the hanging sheet.
  - C. Both eggs experience the same change in momentum.
- 6. One egg is thrown against a solid wall, while a second egg is thrown against a hanging bed sheet. Both eggs have the same initial velocity (35 miles per hour) and the same final velocity (zero miles per hour). Which egg experiences a greater <u>force</u>?
  - A. The egg stopped by the wall.
  - B. The egg stopped by the hanging sheet.
  - C. Both eggs experience the same force.
- 7. Which has the most momentum below?
  - A. a mass of 5.0 kg moving at 0.0 m/s
  - B. a mass of 2000 g moving at 500.0 cm/s
  - C. a weight of 30 N moving at 4.0 m/s
  - D. a mass of 1.5 kg moving at 6.0 m/s
- 8. Mass  $M_1$  moving with a speed  $v_i$  collides with stationary mass  $M_2$ . After the collision, the masses are interlocked and moving with a speed of  $v_i/3$ . Which equation below correctly describes the relationship between  $M_1$  and  $M_2$ ?

Α.	$M_2 = 2M_1$	B. $M_1 = 2M_2$	$C_{1}$ M <sub>2</sub> = 3M <sub>1</sub>	D. M1 = 3M2

9. A ball moving to the left strikes a wall at a speed of 4 m/s and rebounds to the right at a speed of 2 m/s. What is the change in velocity  $\Delta v$  of the ball?

A. 0 m/s	B. 2 m/s	C. 4 m/s	D. 6 m/s	E. 8 m/s

- 10. A 1,200-kilogram car traveling at 10.0 meters per second hits a tree and is brought to rest in 0.10 second. What is the magnitude of the average force acting on the car to bring it to rest?
  - A.  $1.2 \times 10^2$  N
  - B. 1.2 × 10<sup>3</sup> N
  - C.  $1.2 \times 10^4$  N
  - D. 1.2 × 10<sup>5</sup> N
  - E. 1.2 × 10<sup>6</sup> N

## II. PROBLEMS:

- 1. Calculate the momentum of a 2250-kg elephant charging a hunter at a speed of 7.00 m/s.
- 2. A hockey puck has a mass of 0.122 kg and is at rest. A hockey player makes a shot, exerting a constant force of 25.0 N on the puck for 0.180 s. With what speed does the puck head toward the goal?
- 3. How long must a 12.0 N force be applied to a 4.00 kg block sitting at rest on a frictionless surface to increase its velocity to 4.40 m/s?
- 4. A 65.0-g arrow leaves a bowstring at a velocity of 54 m/s.
  - A. What is the impulse on the arrow?
  - B. What is the average force that the string exerts on the arrow if the string is in contact with the arrow for  $9.0 \times 10^{-3}$  s?
- 5. A 1.90-kg falcon catches a 0.600-kg dove from behind in midair. What is their velocity after impact if the falcon's velocity is initially 26.0 m/s and the dove's velocity is 6.00 m/s in the same direction?
- **BONUS:** A ballistic pendulum was used to measure the speed of bullets before electronic timing devices were developed.



Suppose a 14.0-g bullet is fired and imbeds in a 2.50-kg wooden block. The block and bullet then swing up to a maximum height of 18.0 cm above the starting position. Find the initial velocity of the bullet.