## ESS Plate Tectonics Test Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Most Difficult Version – you get to keep 100% of the points that you earn)

- <u>Part 1:</u> On three sheets of paper connected with tape, draw all of the plate features that we have discussed in class. *Hint: plan your diagram on scrap paper before you begin to draw it.* 
  - Across the bottom half of the sheets, create one continuous crosssection diagram of the Earth's plates and mantle. This diagram must include all of the plate features (except for a transform boundary) from class (There are 6: Ocean/Ocean Convergent, Ocean/Ocean Divergent, Ocean/ Continent Convergent, Continent/Continent Convergent, Continent/Continent Divergent, and Ocean Hotspot)
  - Above each plate feature (across the middle of the sheets), label the plate boundary (or hotspot) with its name.
  - Across the top of the sheets, draw a satellite view (from above the Earth) of the plate features.

Part 2: Once you have drawn your diagram, make sure that you have met the requirements on this checklist.

- Oceans have water in them.
- Seafloor sediment is included where appropriate.
- All material is shaded appropriately (dark for mafic, light for felsic).
- Volcanoes exist in the correct locations, with the correct shapes and shading.
- Arrows are included to show all plate movement and currents in the mantle.
- Part 3: On the cross-section diagram, label all of the following everywhere that they occur.
  - Subduction zone
  - Mid-ocean ridge
  - "New ocean crust forming"
  - Composite cone volcano
  - Shield cone volcano

- Ocean trench
- Tall mountains (that are not volcanoes)
- Hotspot
- Rift valley
- <u>Part 4:</u> On the cross-section diagram, label each of the following <u>in one location</u> and describe it as either "more dense" or "less dense."
  - Seafloor sediment
  - Mantle

Continental Crust

Composite cone Shield cone

Ocean Crust

Hotspot

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- Part 5: On the satellite-view diagram, label all of the following everywhere that each occurs.
  - Transform boundary
  - Tall mountains (that are not volcanoes)
  - Mid-ocean ridge
  - Ocean trench

Part 6: Explain why the plates and mantle move. On the cross-section diagram...

- Choose one moving plate. Add a label explain why it is moving.
- Choose one rising current in the mantle. Add a label explaining what causes that rising current.
- Choose one sinking current in the mantle. Add a label explaining what causes that sinking current.

